

# TRAPEZOIDAL AREA

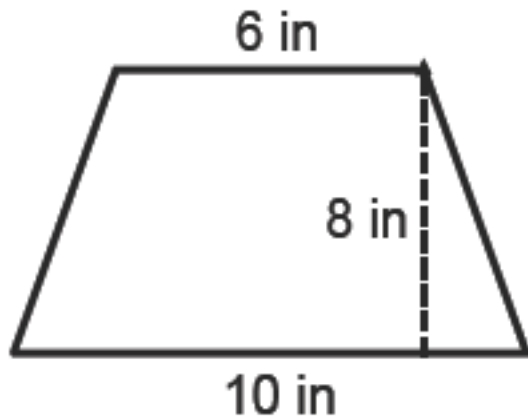
Section 4.2A

Calculus AP/Dual, Revised ©2018

[viet.dang@humbleisd.net](mailto:viet.dang@humbleisd.net)

# REVIEW

Find the area of the trapezoid.



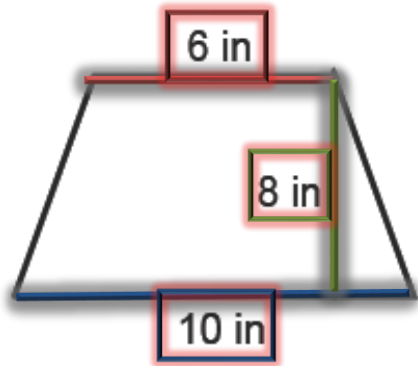
$$A = h \left( \frac{b_1 + b_2}{2} \right)$$

$$A = (8) \left( \frac{6 + 10}{2} \right)$$

$$A = 64 \text{ units}^2$$

# TRAPEZOIDAL AREA (UNEVEN AREA)

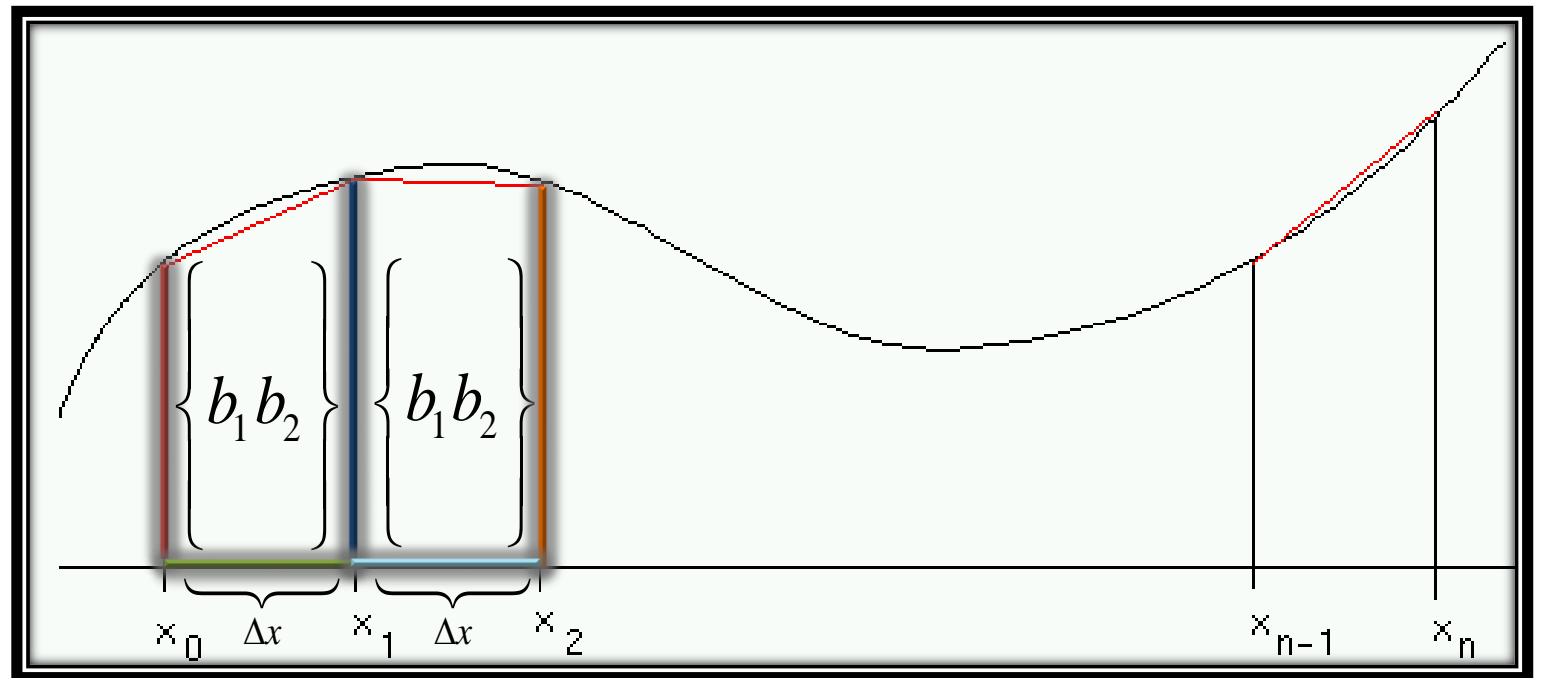
Find the area of the curve using the trapezoid sum.



$$A = h \left( \frac{b_1 + b_2}{2} \right)$$

$$A = (8) \left( \frac{6 + 10}{2} \right)$$

$$A = 64 \text{ units}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} \Delta x (f(x_0) + f(x_1)) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta x (f(x_1) + f(x_2)) + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \Delta x (f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n))$$

# TRAPEZOIDAL RULE

**A.** To evaluate a definite integral involving a function whose anti-derivative cannot be found

**B.** Integral:  $\int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b-a}{n} \right) (L_n + R_n)$

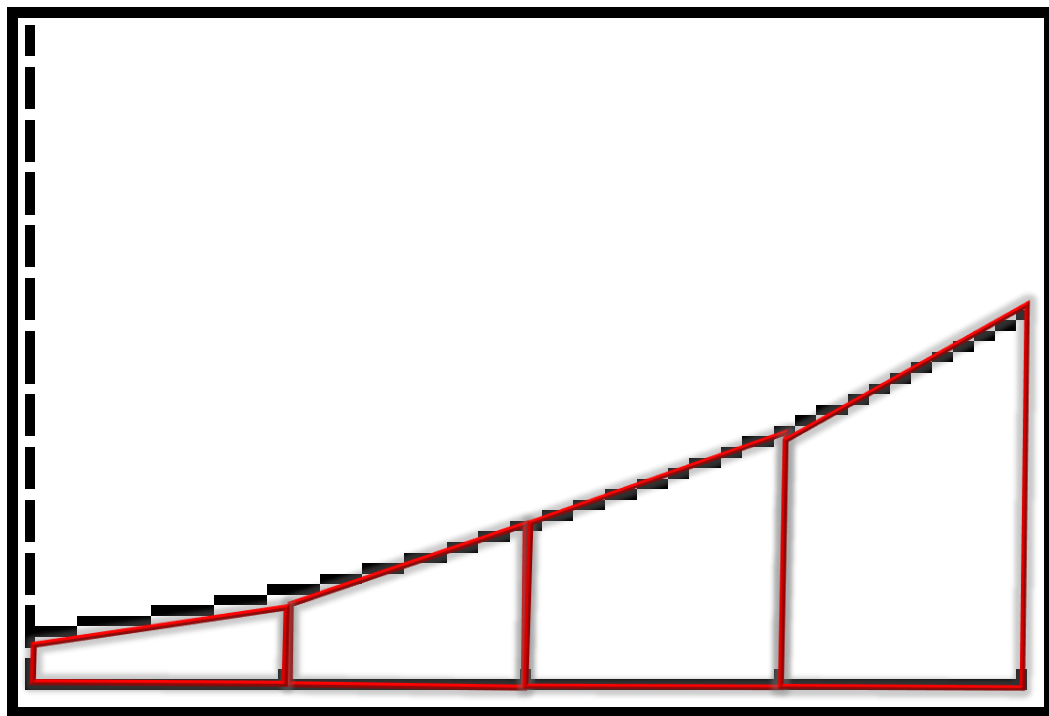
**C.** Area of Trapezoidal Rule:

$$\frac{1}{2} \Delta x [f(x_0 + x_1) + f(x_1 + x_2) + \cdots + f(x_{n-1} + x_n)]$$

**D.**  $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$

# EXAMPLE 1

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^5 (x^2 + 3) dx$  for  $n = 4$ .



$$\Delta x = \frac{5-1}{4} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \Delta x \left( (f(1) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(3)) + (f(3) + f(4)) + (f(4) + f(5)) \right)$$

$$\int_1^5 (x^2 + 3) dx \approx$$

# EXAMPLE 1

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^5 (x^2 + 3) dx$  for  $n = 4$ .

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \Delta x ((f(1) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(3)) + (f(3) + f(4)) + (f(4) + f(5)))$$

$$\int_1^5 (x^2 + 3) dx \approx \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(1) ((f(1) + f(2)) + (f(2) + f(3)) + (f(3) + f(4)) + (f(4) + f(5)))$$
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [(4 + 7) + (7 + 12) + (12 + 19) + (19 + 28)]$$

**54 units<sup>2</sup>**

# EXAMPLE 1

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^5 (x^2 + 3) dx$  for  $n = 4$ .

Solve using FTC:

$$F(5) - F(1)$$

$$53.3333 \text{ units}^2$$

## EXAMPLE 2

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^3 (4 - x)^2 dx$  for  $n = 4$ .

*8.75 units<sup>2</sup>*



# YOUR TURN

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^9 x^2 dx$  for  $n = 4$ .

**248 *units*<sup>2</sup>**

# REVIEW

Use the Left Hand Sum to approximate the value of  $\int_1^7 f(x) dx$ .

$x$	1	2	5	6	7
$f(x)$	2	3	-1	4	8

$$LHS = \left(\frac{2-1}{1}\right)(f(1)) + \left(\frac{5-2}{1}\right)(f(2)) + \left(\frac{6-5}{1}\right)(f(5)) + \left(\frac{7-6}{1}\right)(f(6))$$

$$LHS = (1)(2) + (3)(3) + (1)(-1) + (1)(4)$$

$$LHS = 14 \text{ units}^2$$

## EXAMPLE 3

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^7 f(x) dx$

$x$	1	2	5	6	7
$f(x)$	2	3	-1	4	8

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \Delta x (f(x_1) + f(x_2)) + \Delta x (f(x_2) + f(x_5)) + \Delta x (f(x_5) + f(x_6)) + \Delta x (f(x_6) + f(x_7)) \right]$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left[ (1)(2+3) + (3)(3+(-1)) + (1)(-1+4) + (1)(4+8) \right]$$

**13 units<sup>2</sup>**

# YOUR TURN

Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the value of  $\int_1^{13} f(x) dx$ .

$x$	1	3	8	12	13
$f(x)$	2	5	3	1	4

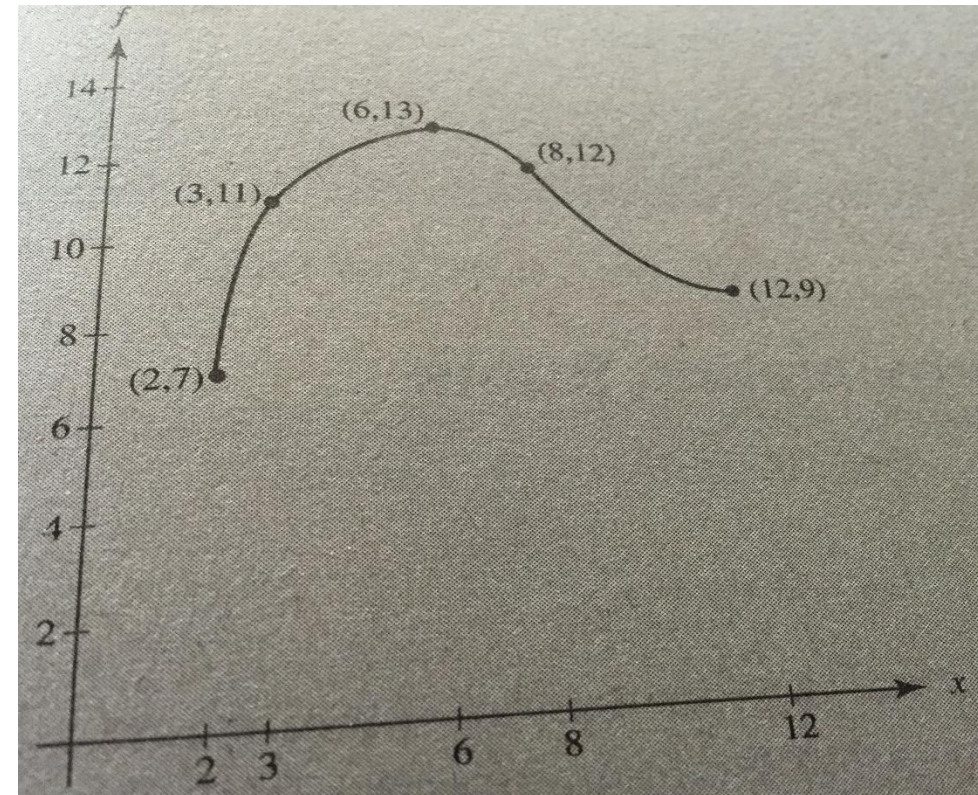
$$\frac{75}{2} \text{ units}^2$$

§4.2A: Trapezoidal Sum

# AP MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE QUESTION 1 (NON-CALCULATOR)

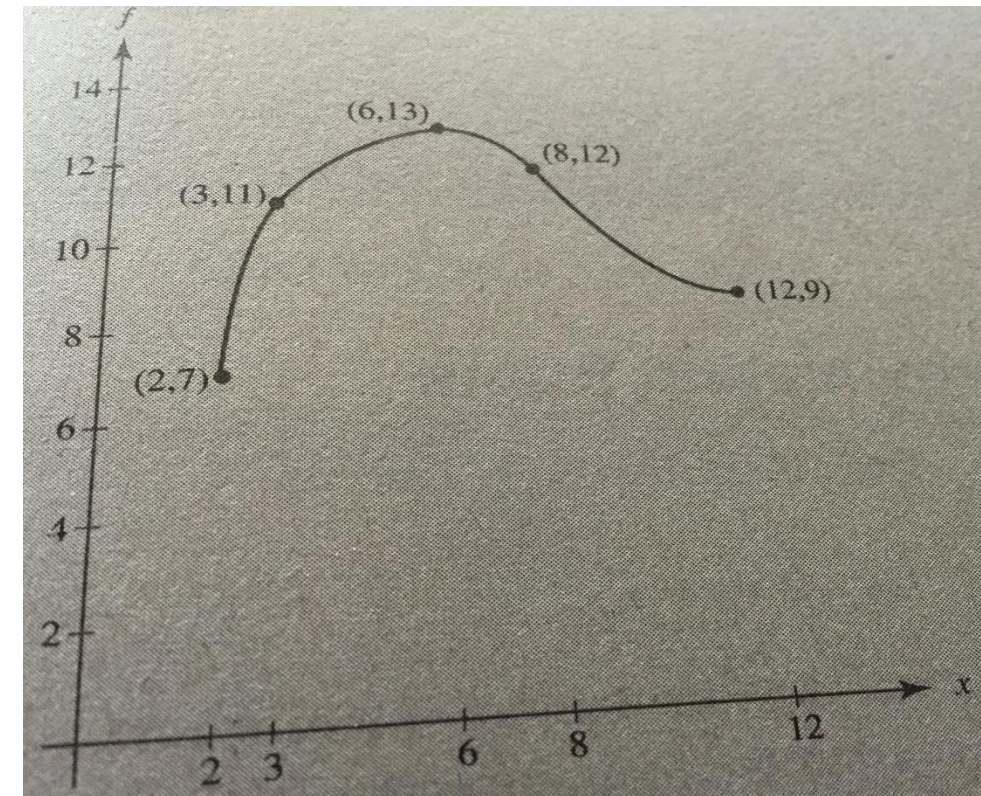
The graph of  $f$  is shown below. Approximate  $\int_2^{12} f(x) dx$  using the trapezoid approximation.

- (A) 44
- (B) 88
- (C) 112
- (D) 224



# AP MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE QUESTION 1 (NON-CALCULATOR)

The graph of  $f$  is shown below. Approximate  $\int_2^{12} f(x) dx$  using the trapezoid approximation.



Vocabulary	Process and Connections	Answer
Trapezoid	$\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{3-2}{1} (f(2)+f(3)) + \frac{6-3}{1} (f(3)+f(6)) + \frac{8-6}{1} (f(6)+f(8)) + \frac{12-8}{1} (f(8)+f(12)) \right]$	<b>C</b>
Riemann's Sum	$\frac{1}{2} [1(7+11) + 3(11+13) + 2(13+12) + 4(12+9)]$	
Unequal Subintervals	$\frac{1}{2} [1(18) + 3(24) + 2(25) + 4(21)]$	
	$\frac{1}{2} (18 + 72 + 50 + 84)$	
	$\frac{1}{2} (224) = 112$	

# ASSIGNMENT

## Worksheet